



# IEEE SW Test Workshop

Semiconductor Wafer Test Workshop

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## Advance Low Force Probe cards Used on Solder Flip Chip Devices



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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FORMFACTOR INC.

# Overview

- **Probe Solution Requirements**
- **Material Properties and Performance**
- **Production Results**
  - Probe Card Planarity
  - Bin to Bin Correlation
  - Bump Damage
  - Cres Over Time
  - Life Time Data
  - Interposer Longevity
  - Burnt Probes
  - Production Up time MTdBF

# The Probe Solution Must Meet These Requirements

## 1. Handle high probe count cards

- Increased solder flip chip die size and performance is pushing the need for more bumps to be tested
- Reduction in test cost along with faster test time is pushing for higher parallelism at test this is forcing the demand to have greater than 20,000 probes per card

## 2. Have controlled Cres (Contact resistance)

- Cres is a key factor on probe card performance
- Without stable Cres, the overall wafer yield will drop
- Burnt probes on power supplies will increase

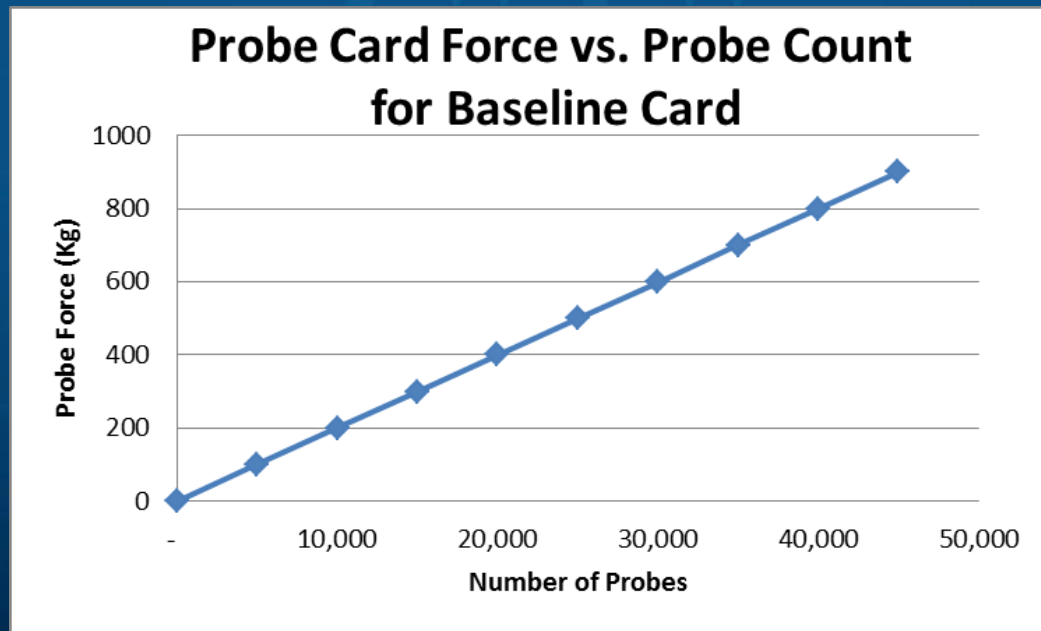
## 3. On-site probe Re-placement

- Less down time for damaged and burnt probes

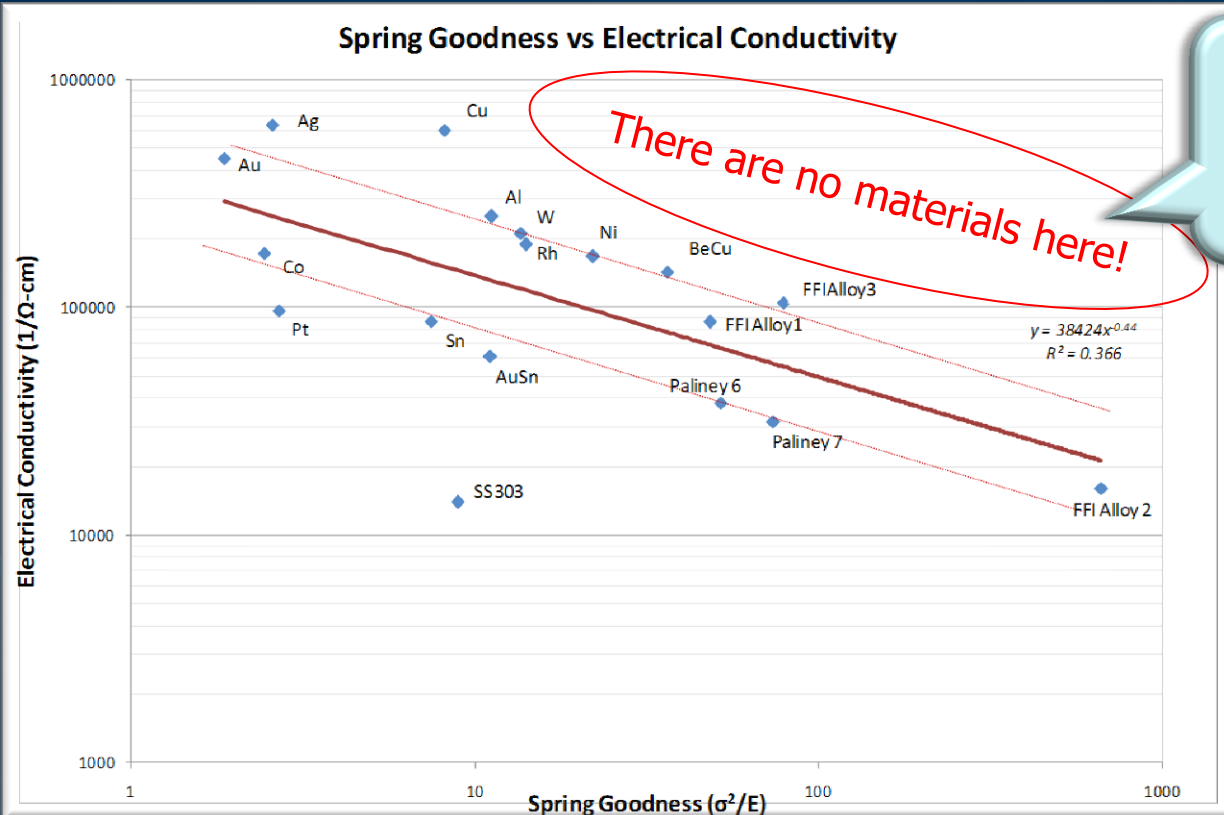
## 4. Long probe card life greater than 2M touch downs

### 3. Low probe pin force

- Higher the spring count on a card increases the spring force
- Depending on the prober model the amount of force can limit the prober chuck from moving the programmed over travel
- If total force is too high, PCB and MLC deflection could occur
- $\text{Probe Force} \times \text{Number of Probes} \times \text{Probing Over Travel} = \text{Probe Force}$



# Electrical vs. Mechanical Material Properties



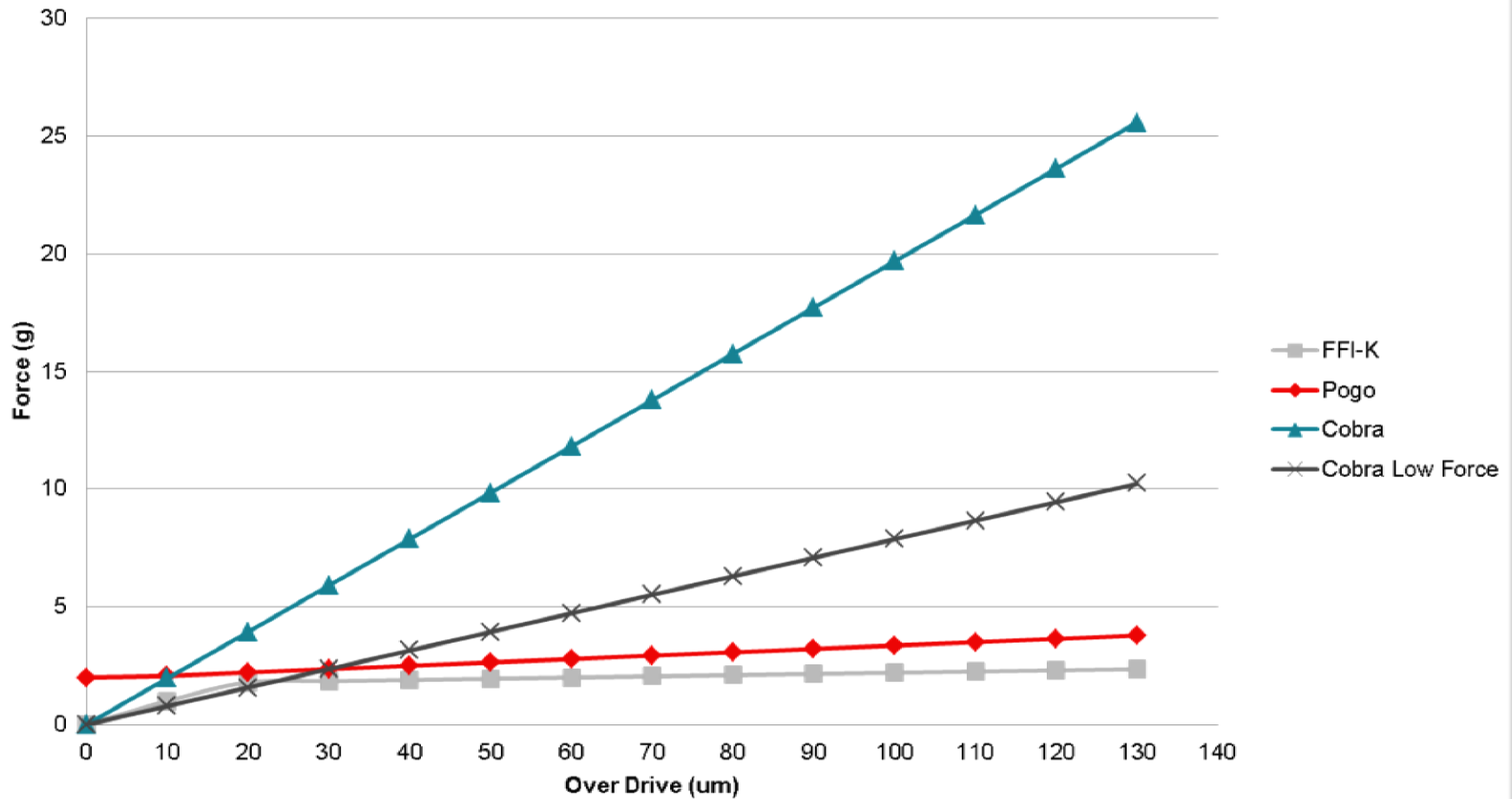
MEMS gives us the ability to build a spring that meets good conductivity and spring force

- Materials that exhibit good electrical conductivity are generally pure metals and have low yield strengths - they make poor springs
- Materials that exhibit good spring characteristics have high yield strengths and low modulus - they make poor electrical conductors.



# Probe Card Force

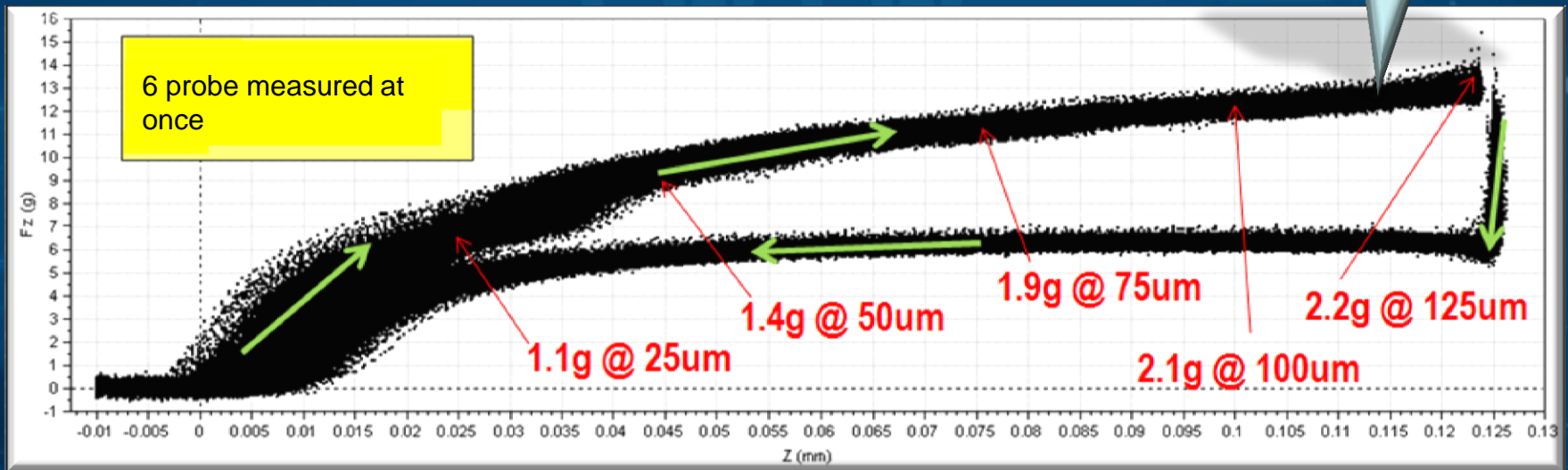
## Bump Probe Card Force



# FFI Spring Performance

## Probe Force vs. Over Travel

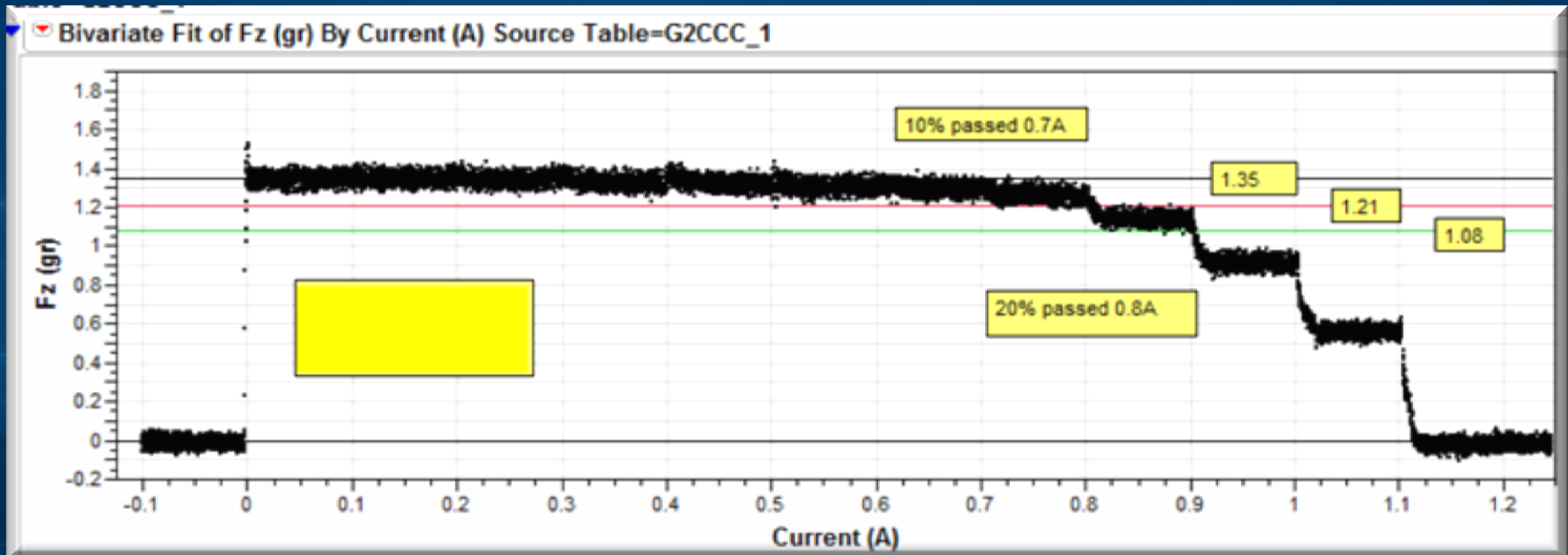
Full Probe cycle of being compressed and released



Data after 1.5M cycles

# FFI Spring Performance

## ISMI Current carrying capacity criteria

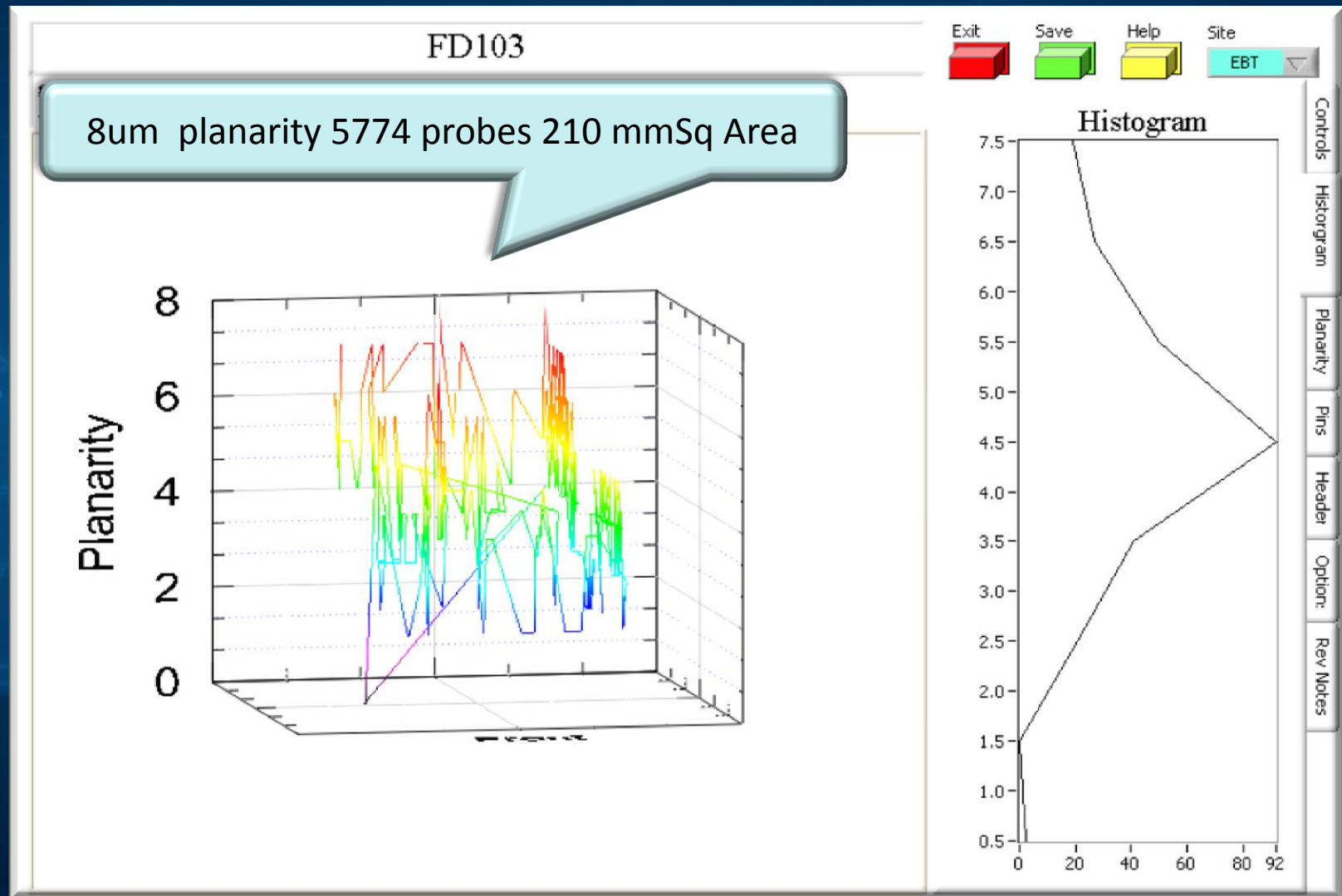


Data after 1.5M cycles



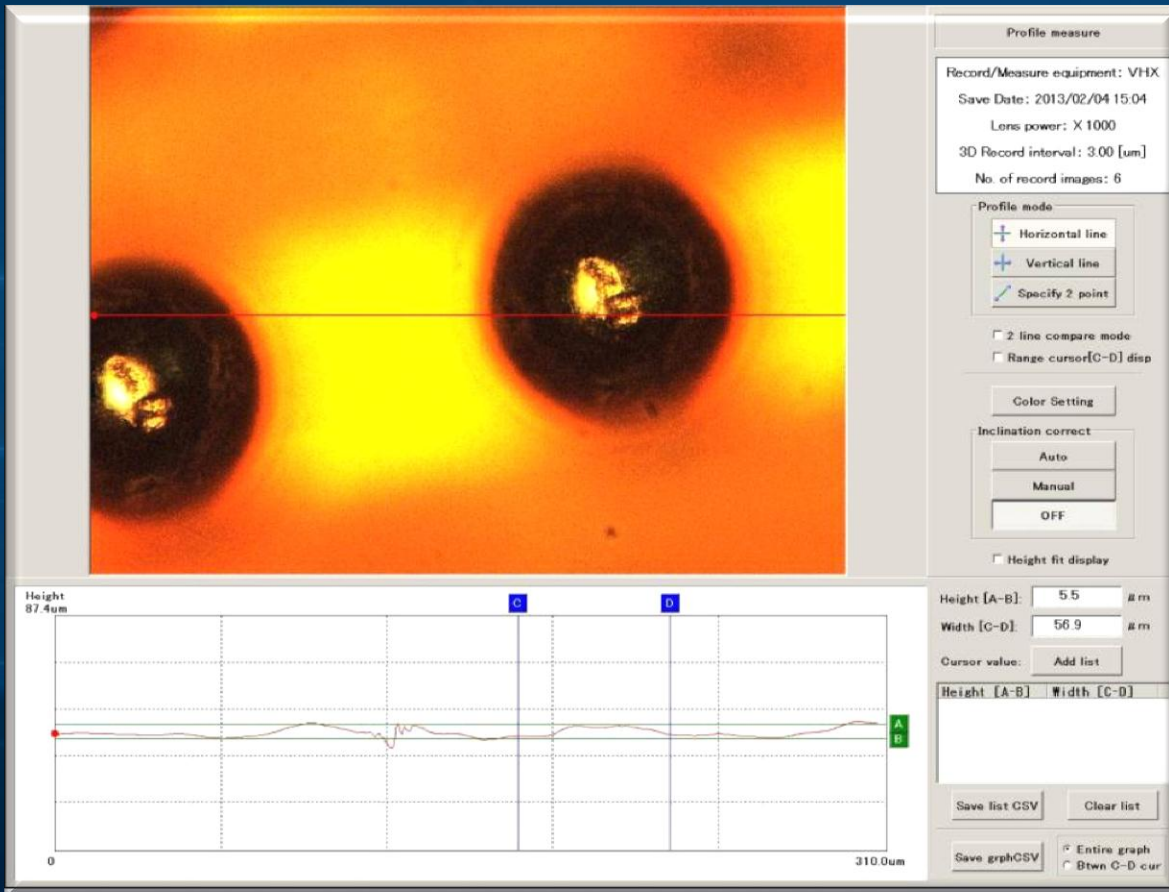
# Probe Solutions In Production

# Probe Card Electrical Planarity



# Bump Damage

FFI K-probe on Reflow bump

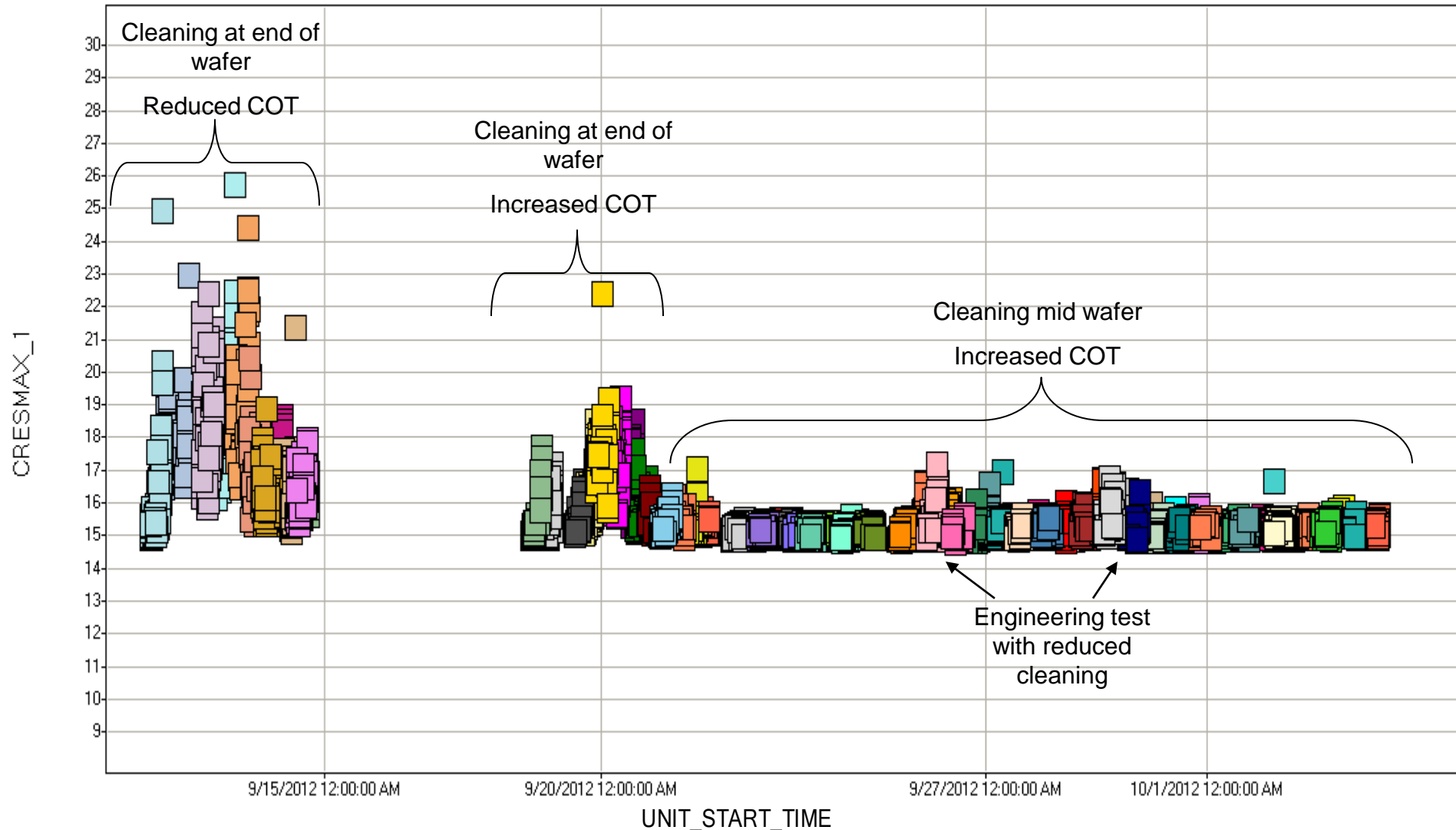


Cobra probe on Reflow bump



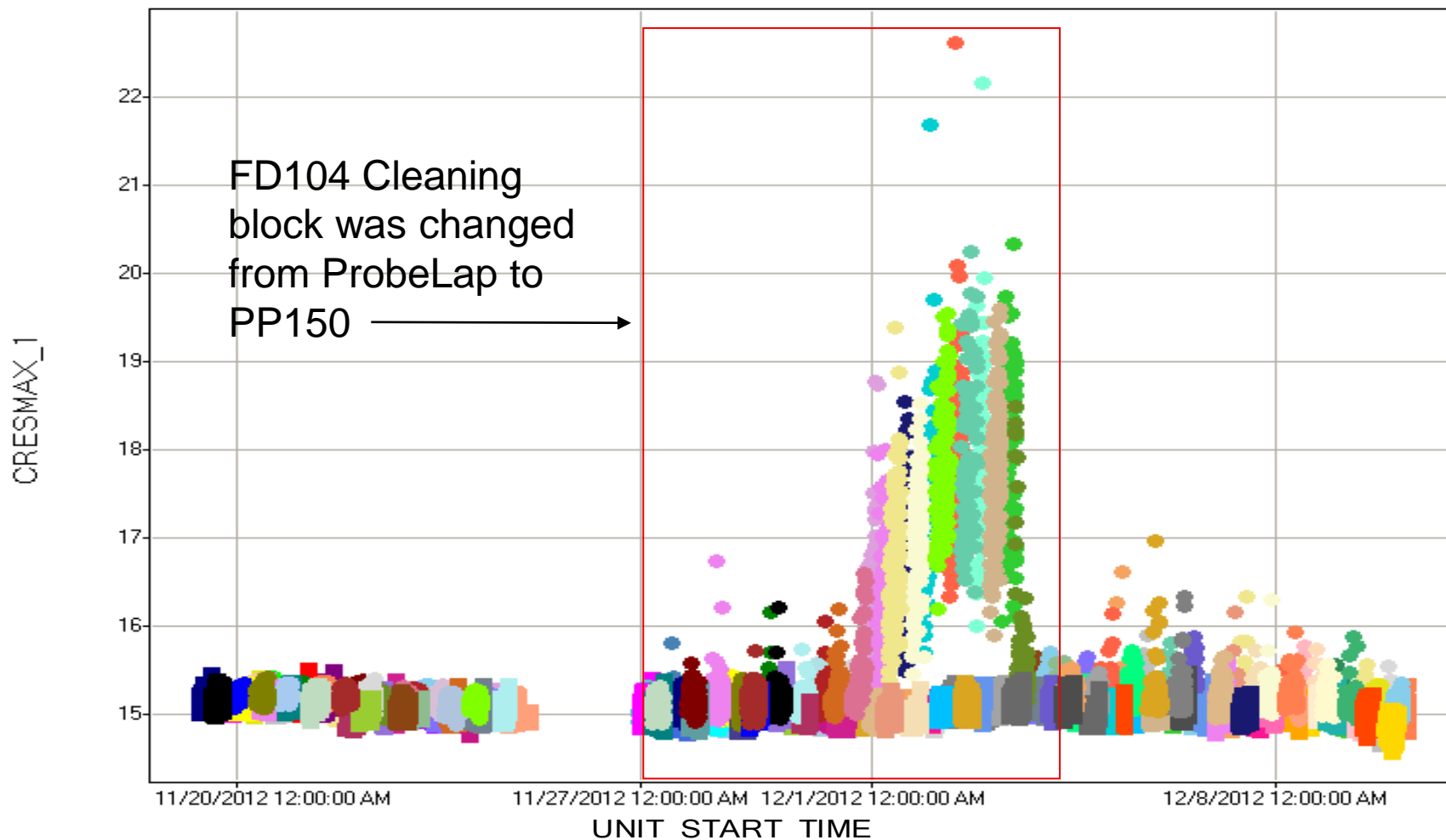
# Max Cres at Installation

FD103 Katana Max Cres



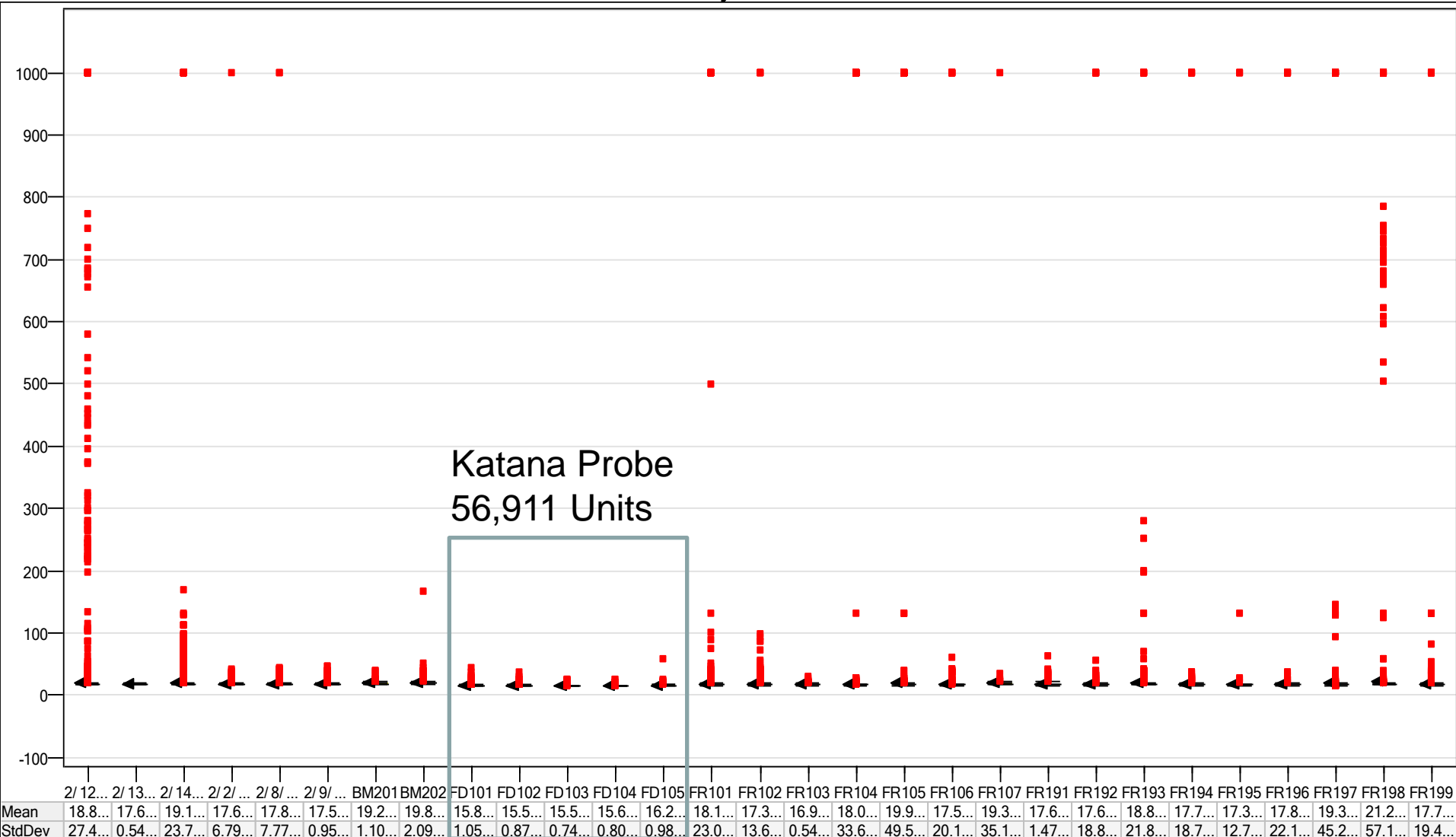
# Production Max Cres

Max Cres



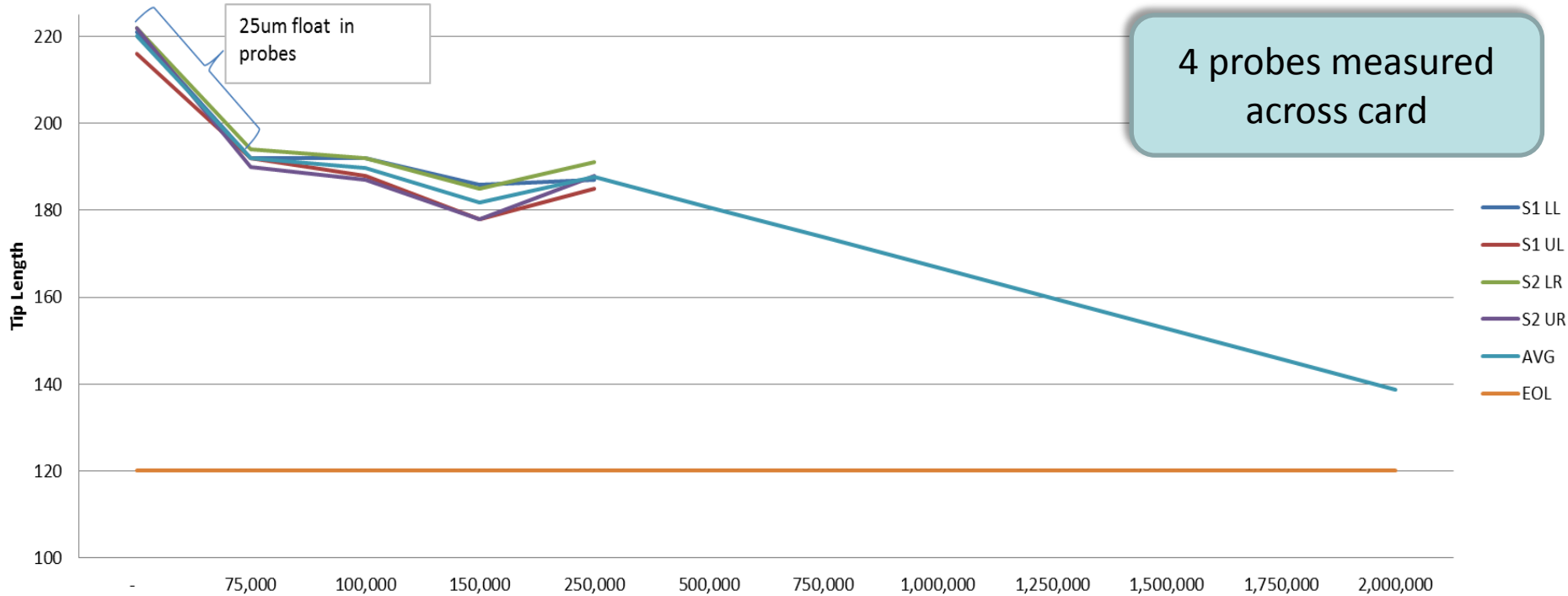
# Probe Card Max Cres Katana vs. Cobra and Pogo

Max Cres By Probe Card



# Life Time Data Study

FD104 Tip Length



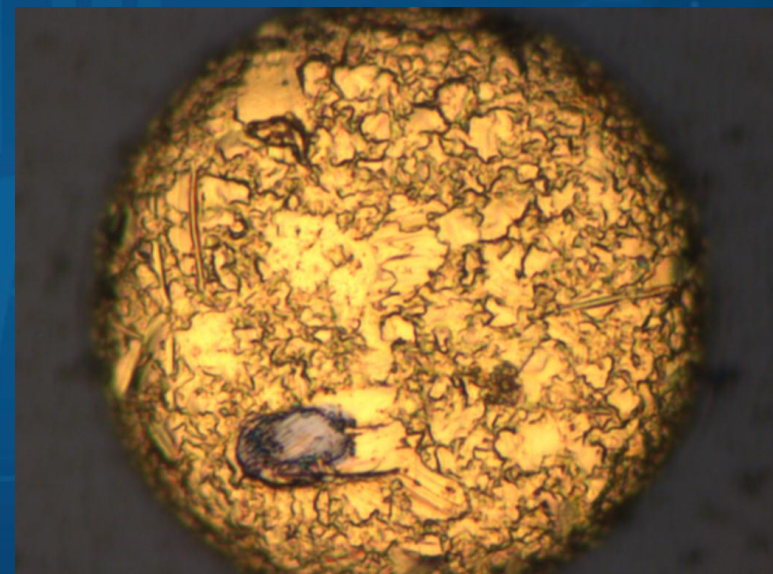
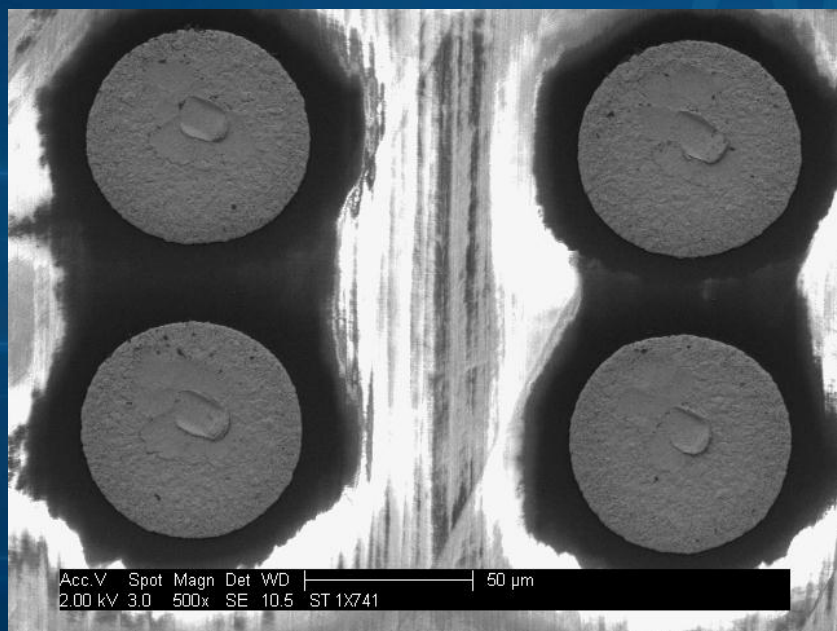
Probe Settings:  
 Production wafer in demo  
 Production cleaning and over travel

|                        |              |
|------------------------|--------------|
| Number of TD           | 175,000.00   |
| Tip Length Loss (um)   | 5.00         |
| Tip loss for 500k (um) | 14.29        |
| Usable Tip Length (um) | 70.00        |
| Projected TD Life      | 2,450,000.00 |



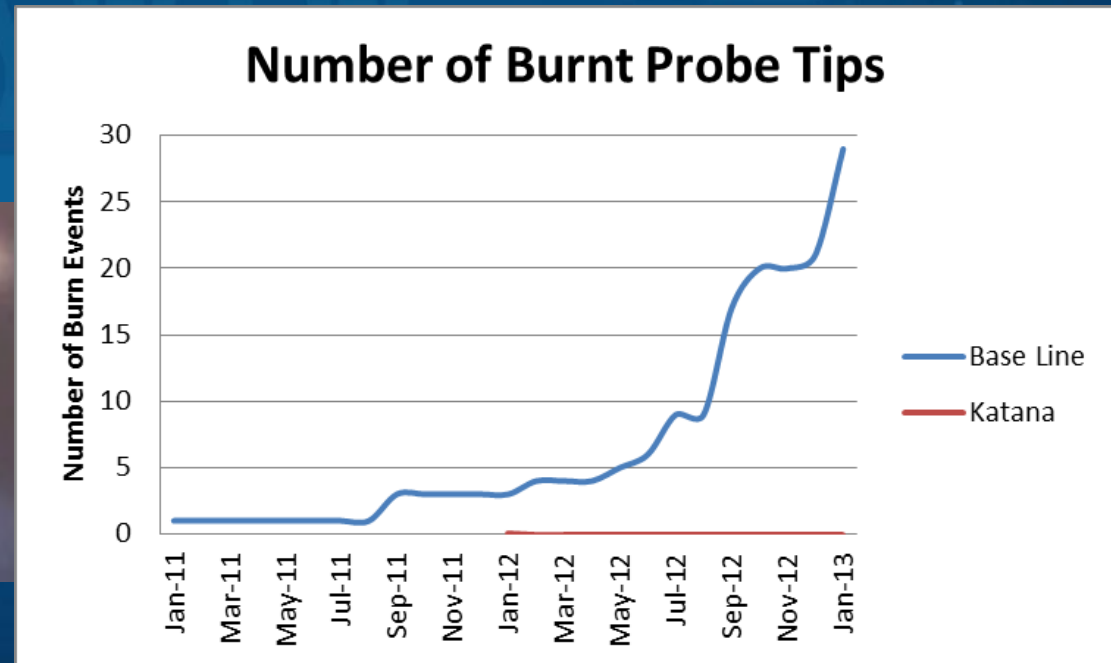
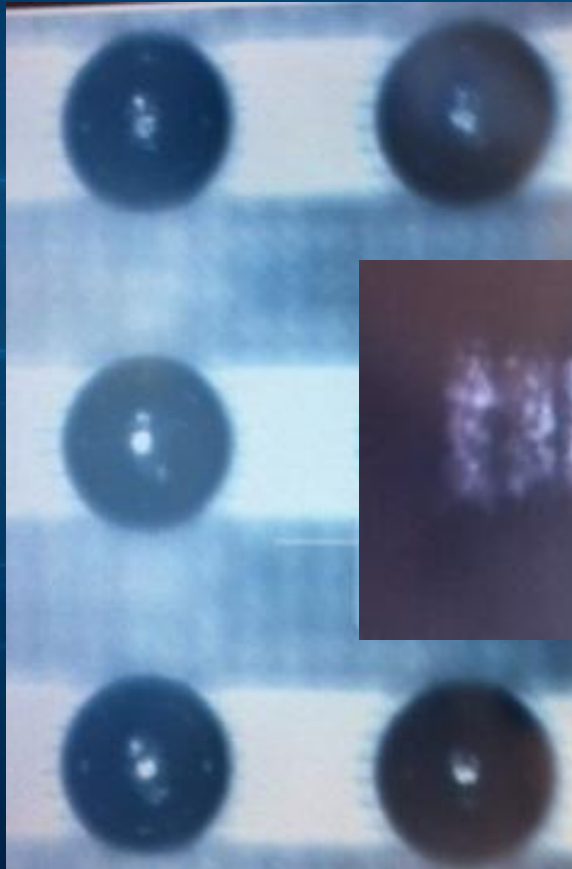


# Low Substrate Pad Wear 1.5M cycles



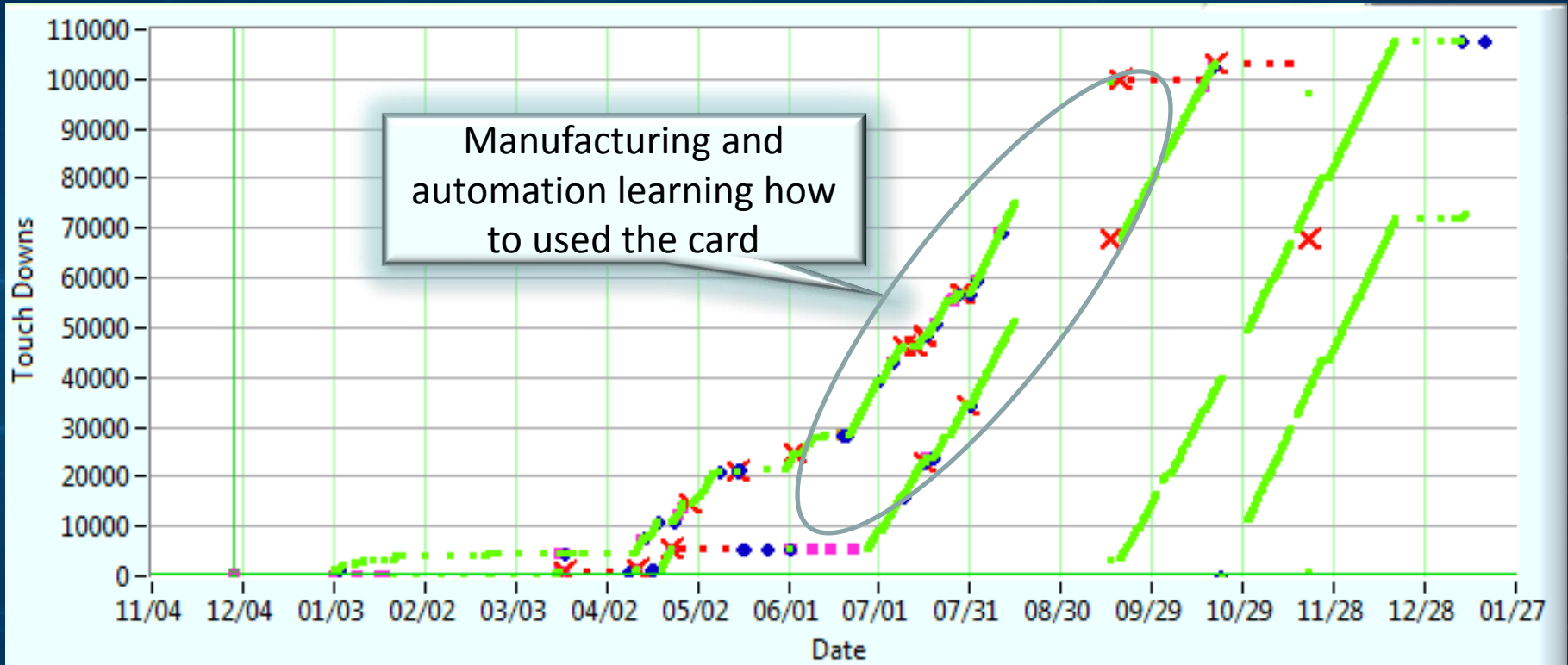
# Burning Probes

- No burn events on four FFI K-Probe cards with greater than 100k touchdowns each
  - Baseline probe card had 26 burn events in the same time frame



# Production Performance

Mean Touchdowns Between Failures: 50,241



**X:** Card put in a down state.

**Note:** none of the down states required the card to be tested on an probe card analyzer or repaired

# Conclusion

- **Low-force MEMS Probe Card Technology, such as FormFactor's K-Probe, demonstrated several advantages for solder flip-chip probing in high-volume production**
  - Production stability for high pin counts, > 20,000 pins
  - Scalability for multi-DUTs probing,  $\geq 8$  DUTs
  - Long life-time, >2M touchdowns demonstrated
  - Controlled Cres in production
- **As flip-chip pitch continues to shrink, requiring finer vertical probes, MEMS probe technology is proven to be a viable path to continue lowering cost of test**

# Acknowledgments

- **Al Wegleitner, Texas Instruments**
- **Stevon Scott, Texas Instruments**
- **Frank Meza, FormFactor**
- **Doug Shuey, FormFactor**